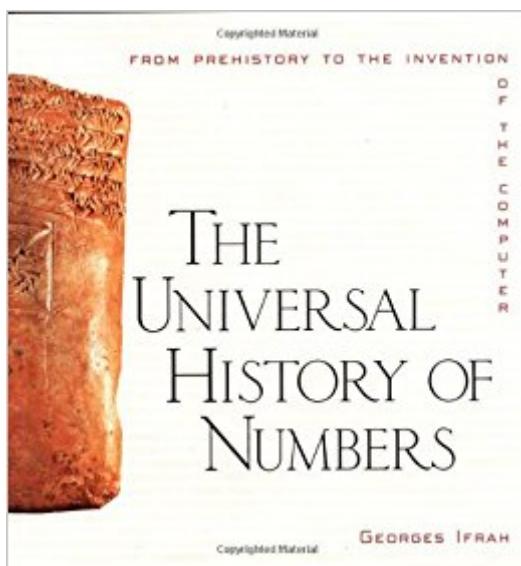


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The Universal History Of Numbers: From Prehistory To The Invention Of The Computer



Synopsis

A riveting history of counting and calculating from the time of the cave dwellers to the late twentieth century, *The Universal History of Numbers* is the first complete account of the invention and evolution of numbers the world over. As different cultures around the globe struggled with problems of harvests, constructing buildings, educating their citizens, and exploring the wonders of science, each civilization created its own unique and wonderful mathematical system. Dubbed the "Indiana Jones of numbers," Georges Ifrah traveled all over the world for ten years to uncover the little-known details of this amazing story. From India to China, and from Egypt to Chile, Ifrah talked to mathematicians, historians, archaeologists, and philosophers. He deciphered ancient writing on crumbling walls; scrutinized stones, tools, cylinders, and cones; and examined carved bones, elaborately knotted counting strings, and X-rays of the contents of never-opened ancient clay accounting balls. Conveying all the excitement and joy of the process of discovery, Ifrah writes in a delightful storytelling style, recounting a plethora of intriguing and amusing anecdotes along the way. From the stories of the various ingenious ways in which different early cultures used their bodies to count and perfected the use of the first calculating machine—the hand-to the invention of different styles of tally sticks, up through the creation of alphabetic numbers, the Greek and Roman numeric systems, and the birth of modern numerals in ancient India, we are taken on a marvelous journey through humankind's grand intellectual epic. We meet those who only count to four—anything more is "a lot"; discover the first uses of counting fingers and toes; learn of the amazing ability of abacus users to calculate with brilliant efficiency; and ponder the intriguing question: How did many cultures manage to calculate for all those centuries without a zero? Exploring the many ways civilizations developed and changed their mathematical systems, Ifrah imparts a unique insight into the nature of human thought—and into the ways our understanding of numbers and how they shape our lives has slowly changed and grown over thousands of years. In this illuminating and entertaining work, you'll learn about: The earliest calculating machine—the hand Tally sticks—accounting for beginners How the Sumerians did their sums Greek and Roman numerals The invention of alphabetic numerals The achievements of the Mayan civilization India and the birth of modern numbers Indo-Arabic numerals and how they reached the West The final stage of numerical notation Praise for *The Universal History of Numbers* "Let us start the year with a bang. Georges Ifrah is the man. This book, quite simply, rules. . . . It is outstanding, and not least because it has been written from first principles, for people like you and me, curious but by no means expert . . . a mind-boggling and enriching experience."—The Guardian "Pursuing the invention of numbers across civilizations, Georges Ifrah has written the grand story of human ingenuity. . . . His amazing

undertaking, describing humankind's relationship with numbers from Paleolithic times to the computer age, spans the world from Mayan ruins to Indian museums, from Egyptian hieroglyphics to Greek philosophers to Chinese libraries."-Le Figaro "Follow the astonishing path of Georges Ifrah, the Indiana Jones of arithmetic . . . who decided in 1974 to begin the search for his Grail, the origin of numbers. Journeying over mountains and across valleys, he discovered how-from Mayan to Chinese, from Indian to Egyptian-humankind has juggled numbers."-Express "Ifrah's book amazes and fascinates . . . It is nothing less than the history of the human race told through figures."-International Herald Tribune

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Customer Reviews

The title doesn't lie. Mathematician Georges Ifrah's masterpiece, *The Universal History of Numbers*, is a wonderfully comprehensive overview of numbers and counting spanning all the inhabited continents as far back in time as records will allow us to look. Beyond the ancient Babylonians, Sumerians, and Indians, Ifrah takes us farther south into Africa to examine an early decimal counting system and into ancient Mexico to reconstruct what we can of the Mayan calendar and numerical system. The 27 chapters are chiefly organized by culture, though there are some cross-cultural overviews of topics like letters and numbers. The author's aim was grand: "to provide in simple and accessible terms the full and complete answer to all and any questions ... about the history of numbers and counting, from prehistory to the age of computers." This led him to wander the world for 10 years, studying and learning; this scholastic pilgrim has returned with amazing stories to tell. Toward the end of the book, Ifrah makes the book truly universal by refuting

alien-intervention theories of cultural origins--surely our benefactors would have given us an efficient decimal counting system, zero and all, before helping us build pyramids and such. Such charming ideas, combined with such rigorously researched facts, make *The Universal History of Numbers* a uniquely important and fascinating volume. --Rob Lightner

Ifrah's monumental follow-up to *From One to Zero* (1993) goes from one to (almost) infinity as he meticulously reviews the numbers and reckoning systems of countless tribes and cultures in a dazzling scholarly performance. ``Performance'' is the operative word here, for not only does Ifrah enumerate the words and symbols used for arithmetic, but he also explains how to use each system, providing illustrations, diagrams, riddles, and puzzles. Indeed, nearly every page displays handsome numerals, counting devices, and illustrations of their use. Ifrah takes the human body as the aboriginal point of reference for most counting systems--fingers and toes producing systems using 5, 10, or 20 as a base. But 12, 60, and 360 have also been used, usually by cultures that attached more importance to the sky than to their anatomy. Ifrah gives special credit to the Mayans for their extraordinary adeptness at astronomical measurements, which calculated the length of the solar year as 365.242 days and the month at 29.53086 days. He commends India for the invention of zero--the placeholder in counting systems that use positional notation to indicate the different values, for instance, of 1, 10, and 100. A recurring theme is the intimate relation between number systems and written language. Just as the invention of alphabets allows the generation of myriad words, advanced number systems can use a limited number of symbols to represent any large number. A quibble or two: Ifrah frequently asserts that our brains cannot instantly number a collection of more than four objects, though psychologists maintain we can recognize up to seven objects without counting. And since many statements on the origins of systems and borrowings across cultures are speculative, they are subject to change in light of recent discoveries. A must for any library and a wonderful gift for anthropologists, ethnographers, cultural historians, and quiz kids. (Over 150 b&w drawings) (Book-of-the-Month Club selection; History Book Club selection; Quality Paperback Book Club selection) -- Copyright ©1999, Kirkus Associates, LP. All rights reserved.

I have two English translations and the French edition. This, as has been noted by others, is the more scholarly translation. But that doesn't mean it is difficult to read and understand. I would recommend this edition over the original translation for math teachers and serious scholars. I would recommend the earlier translation for students and others who would like the same information in an easier reading edition.

This book should be in every math teacher's library. What a comprehensive understanding, so well explained, easy to read. It's about 3 inches thick. I bought it for my son but am often reading it myself. I got it as a gift for another mathematically gifted student. This is information I would weave into any part of teaching mathematics.

This book is quite extensive and it is for all ages but the organization of the material could be revamped to make it easier to find particular objects that are of interest to you.

Well done, nice to have modern copy, I once had the old copy of this book, very happy it has been re-printed.

Great product...thanks!

I believe for many amateurs interested in the history of numbers, this is the only book they ever need. Amazingly thorough! Numbers being the fiber of any civilization, the book touches on some number-related areas like writing systems, astronomy, etc, and is beyond just covering pure numbers. It explains very well the reasons and ramifications of different number systems, with good coverage of their operational aspects. Its views are very well researched and very balanced!!! It should be a collection book for ANY history buff.

This is a rare and exceptional book. The copy I received was a library book in very good condition. It's also a large book and would take me months to explore it in a meaningful way.

This is my second copy and I doubt I'll ever finish it. I don't want to anyway! Love it!

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